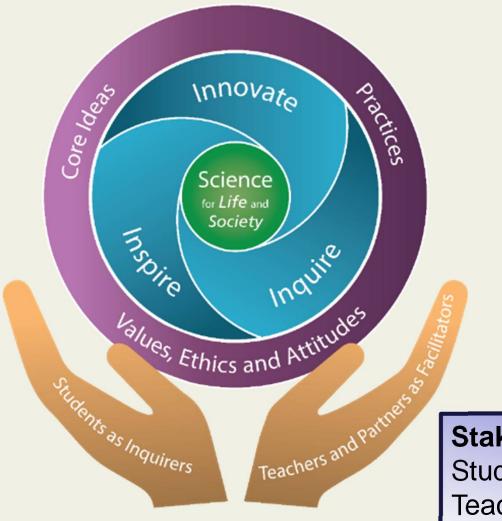
Curriculum Briefing Primary 4 Science 9 Jan 2025

By Mrs Claire Tay SH, Science

Science Curriculum Framework



Goals

Science for Life and Society

Vision - 3Ins Inspire Inquire Innovate

Three Domains Core Ideas Practices Values, Ethics and Attitudes

Stakeholders

Students as Inquirers Teachers & Partners as Facilitators

21st Century Competencies Framework



Primary Science Syllabus

It aims to :

- provide students with experiences which build on their interest in and stimulate their curiosity about their environment
- provide students with basic scientific terms and concepts to help them understand themselves and the world around them
- provide students with opportunities to develop skills, habits of mind and attitudes necessary for scientific inquiry
- prepare students towards using scientific knowledge and methods in making personal decisions
- help students appreciate how science influences people and the environment

Science as an Inquiry

- **1.** Question Learner engages in scientific questions
- 2. Evidence Learner collects data in response to questions
- 3. Explanation Learner formulates explanations from evidence
- 4. Connection Learner connects explanations to scientific knowledge
- 5. Communication Learner communicates and justifies



What is central to science inquiry?

Helping students use evidence to create explanations for natural phenomena.

P4 Science SCIENTIFIC ARGUMENTATION

How do you know that? (Data in graphical, tabular or pictorial form)

CLAIM + EVIDENCE + REASONING =

EXPLANATION

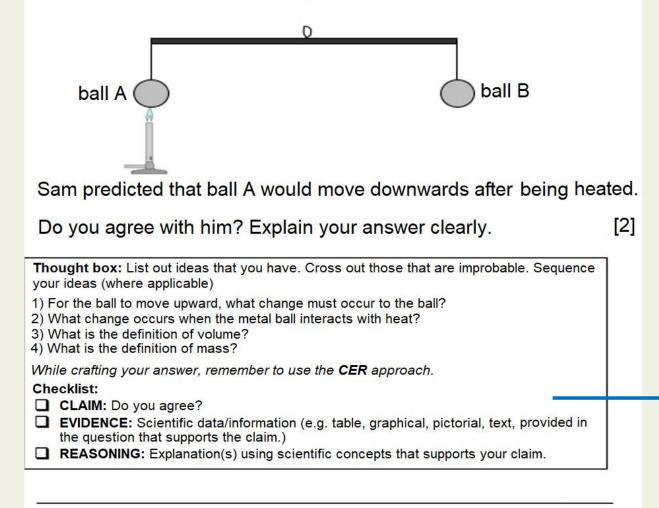
What do you know? (The answer to the question) Why does your evidence support your claim?

(Connects evidence to claim which involves the use of a scientific concept to describe why the evidence support the claim)

P4 Science (feature in topical worksheet)

Sam hung two identical metal balls, A and B, on a rod such that the rod was balanced.

Then he heated ball A as shown in the diagram below.



The thought box after each part question is meant for the pupils to make their thinking visible by organising and sequence random thoughts that the pupils pen down before they craft their responses as well as guiding the pupils to use CER to frame sound scientific explanations.

Syllabus Organisation					
Levels	P3	P4	P5	P6	
Themes	Diversity .	Cycles Syste	ems . Interactio	ns . Energy	
Topics	 Diversity of living and non-living things (General characteristics and classification) Diversity of materials Cycles in plants and animals (Life cycles) Interaction of forces (Magnets) 	 Cycles in matter and water (Matter) Human system (Digestive system) Plant system (Plant parts and functions) Energy forms and uses (Light) Energy forms and uses (Heat) 	 Cycles in matter and water (Water) Cycles in plants and animals (Reproduction) Plant system (Respiratory and circulatory systems) Human system (Respiratory and circulatory systems) Electrical system 	 Energy forms and uses (Photosynthesis) Energy conversion Interaction of forces (Frictional force, gravitational force, elastic spring force) Interactions within the environment 	

Attitude Coverage

- 1) Curiosity
- 2) Creativity
- 3) Integrity
- 4) Objectivity
- **5)** Open-mindedness
- 6) Perseverance
- 7) Responsibility

Skills and Processes at P5 level

Skills

- Observing
- Comparing
- Classifying
- Using apparatus and equipment
- Communicating
- Inferring
- Predicting
- Analysing
- Generating possibilities
- Formulating hypothesis

Skills and Processes

Processes

- Creative Problem Solving
- Decision Making
- Investigation

*At the level appropriate to P4

Components of Lessons

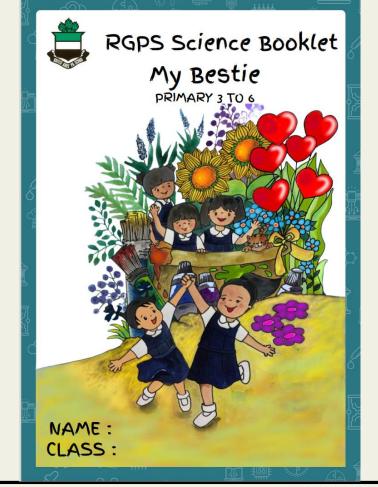
- 1) Theory Concept teaching
- 2) Hands-on : Practical Sessions in the science laboratory
- 3) Topical notes
- 4) Topical Supplementary Worksheets : Worksheet 1 : Misconception Worksheet 2 : MCQ Worksheet 3 : Open-ended
- 5) Learning Log: Topical reflections (concept map:last reflection) by pupil for each unit
- 6) Learning Log: Pupil's self-evaluation of their own learning(checklist)

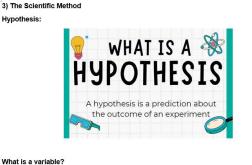
Written Assignments

- 1) Inspiring Science Activity Worksheets
- 2) Topical unit Supplementary Worksheets
- 3) **Topical Reflections (on Learning Log)**
- NOTE : Topical Worksheets will be returned for parents' checking and signature upon completion of each topic.

Worksheets are to be filed in the Science File

RGPS Student Science Resource Book





A variable is a thing or factor or condition you can modify and measure.

TYPES OF VARIABLES

Independent/Changed (IV) The only thing that you change in an experiment

> Dependent / Measured (DV) The thing that you measure or observe in an experiment



'Science is a way of thinking, not just a body of knowledge.' ~ Carl Sagan

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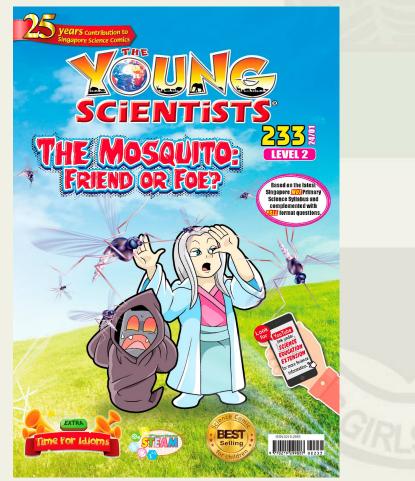


Enrichment

Science Supplementary Reading Material (Optional): *The Young Scientists (Level 2)*

Online Subscription via:





https://youngscientistsreader.com.sg/product-category/subscriptions/

Sony Creative Science Award (SCSA)

Objective:

- To encourage P4 pupils to embark on their creative toy making journey
- To impart selected elements of Design Thinking Skills to pupils.
- To allow pupils to build Science knowledge and apply scientific concept and skills learnt.

Veridis Programme

ASSESSMENT MODES

FORMATIVE ASSESSMENT

(includes open resource assessment for identified topics)

•SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT

ASSESSMENT MODES : FORMATIVE ASSESSMENT

Purpose:

 Provides pupils continual feedback during the instructional and learning process to help pupils actively manage and adjust their own learning.
 Non-graded.

Helps the pupils to answer these questions:

"Where am I going?" "Where am I now? "How can I close the gap?"

Through:

 Teacher/ Self and peer assessment on identified performance tasks using rubric indicators

 Teacher's feedback on identified qualities of pupil's learning on topical unit content page

✓ **Pupils' self evaluation** of own learning for each topic

✓ **Pupils' reflection** of own learning for each topic

Feedback From the Science Teacher:

ASSIGNMENT	SIGNMENT Needs improvem		Sometimes	Most of the time
 Completed assignments and submitted on time. 				
 Took initiative to clarify doubts by asking questions in class. 	5.			
 Able to provide scientific explanation by making an accurate and complete claim which is supported with appropriate and sufficient evidence; provides accurate and complete reasoning that links evidence to claim which includes appropriate and sufficient scientific concepts/principles 		Feedback on the pupil's performance		
 Made concerted effort to do timely corrections. 				
Updated the content page				
 Organised the complete set of unit worksheets for filing. 				

After the completion of the topic:

Par	ent's	Signature:	

Date	•
Date	۰.

TIME FOR REFLECTION!

Before the start of unit lesson

- What do I already know about the various plant parts and their functions?
- What are the questions that I have about plant parts and their functions?

For Self-Evaluation (by pupil) - After the topic

How well have I understood the science ideas/concepts? Put a (✓) in the box. 1 - Science ideas I understood the <u>least</u> 4 - Science ideas I understood the <u>most</u>

	Science Ideas/ concepts	1 (least)	2	3	4 (most)
1	I am able to identify the different parts of a plant and state their functions.				
2	I am able to compare the characteristics of the different plant parts.				
3	I am able appreciate and show concern by being responsible towards plants.				
4	I am able to determine the aim, hypothesis IV, DV and CVs of an investigative protocol.				
5	I am able to apply 'CER' technique to craft my scientific explanation [CER: C – Claim, E – Evidence, R – Reasoning]				

Post-lesson REFLECTIONS

 What are the scientific concept(s) | have learnt about plant parts and their functions?

 How can the scientific concept(s) that 1 have learnt about plant parts and their functions be applied in daily life? Explain in detail.

 What is/are the previous wrong science concept(s) that 1 had which had been corrected?

Assigned as homework before the introduction of the unit

Provide opportunity for the pupil to take charge of her own learning.

Assigned as homework upon the completion of the unit : concept mapping

Raffles Cirls' Primary School Science Rubics: Designing a Scientific Experiment

Nam	e:Clas	s:			
Tapi	ic.: Dati	e ·			_
		('puta	A a tick	kssessm kif <i>griteri</i> s	ent* (jぇobserved)
	Performance Criteria	Sel	f	Peer	Teacher
1	There is a testable question for the experiment				
2	Research(Iterature review) was done to learn more about the gueston.				
3	The design of the experiment tests the hypothesis.				
4.	Allist of all necessary materials and apparatus was included.				
5	A detailed step-by-step procedure is included.				
6.	The procedures were written clearly enough so that another person could repeat the experiments				
1.	The procedures shows that repeated trials				
•••	were done				
8.	Data were collected and recorded for each tria	d			
9.	An appropriate graph was created to display the data	2			
10	Conclusion were drawn using the data and refer back to the hypothesis				
11.	A3 or more sentencewas written explaining and describing what was discovered or learned				

Rubrics related to the activity

Assessment Modes :Summative

Туре	Weighted Assessment 1 Term 2	Weighted Assessment 2 (Science Practical Test) Term 3	End of Year Exam (EYE) Term 4
Format	Open-ended: 5 questions	3 questions on 1) Life Science 2) Physical Science	Section A (MCQ): 27 questions Section B (OE) : 11 questions
Duration	50 min	30 min	1 h 30 min
Overall Weightage	15%	15%	70%

P4 Science Teachers :

4AB - Ms Loo Ching Yee

- 4C Ms Tan Li Peng
- 4D Ms Santha Selva Raju
- 4E Ms Tan Li Peng
- 4F Ms Loo Ching Yee
- 4G Mr Yeo Seah Ong
- 4HI Ms Santha Selva Raju



Thank You